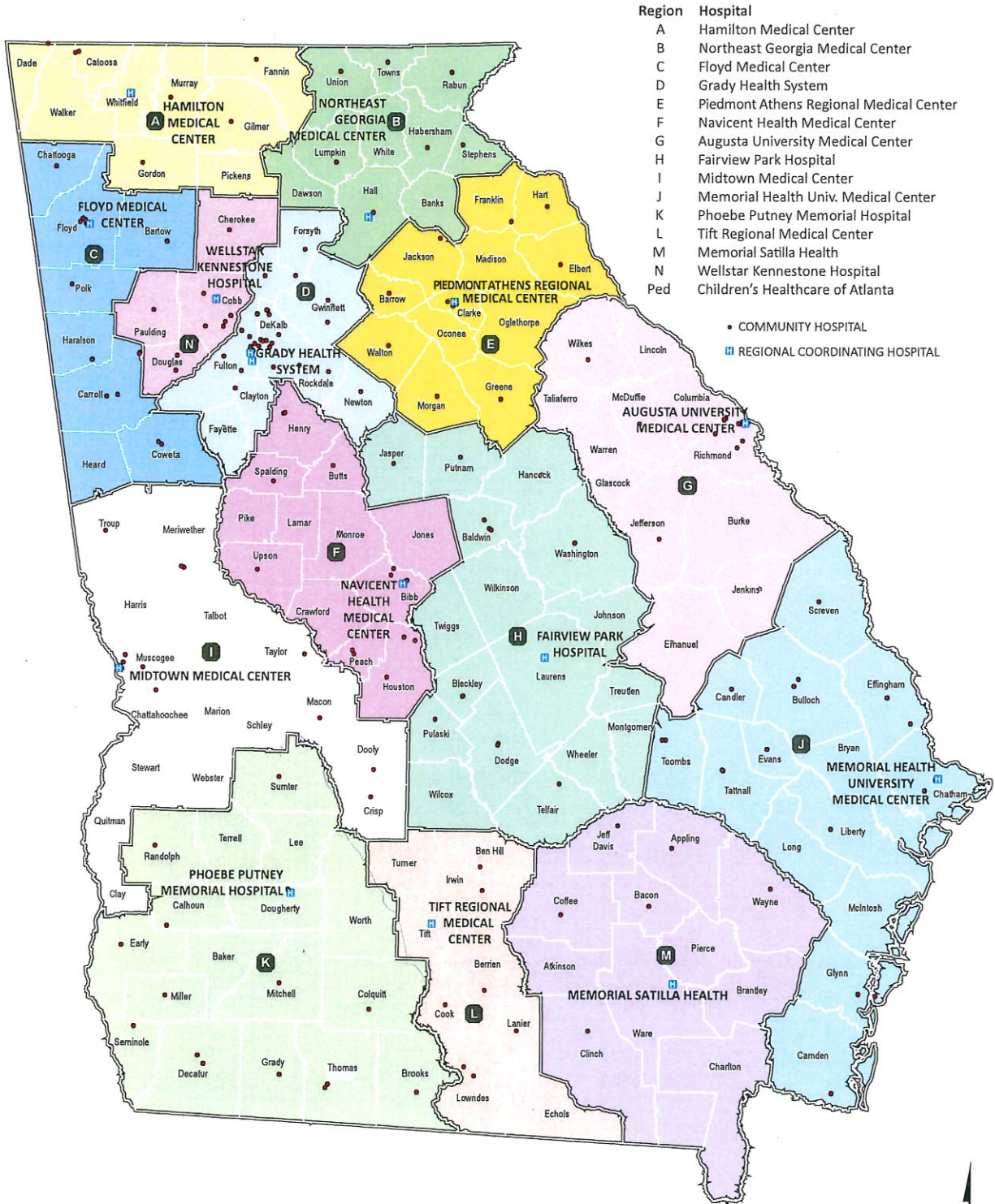


Healthcare Coalitions



Region	Hospital
A	Hamilton Medical Center
B	Northeast Georgia Medical Center
C	Floyd Medical Center
D	Grady Health System
E	Piedmont Athens Regional Medical Center
F	Navicent Health Medical Center
G	Augusta University Medical Center
H	Fairview Park Hospital
I	Midtown Medical Center
J	Memorial Health Univ. Medical Center
K	Phoebe Putney Memorial Hospital
L	Tift Regional Medical Center
M	Memorial Satilla Health
N	Wellstar Kennestone Hospital
Ped	Children's Healthcare of Atlanta

• COMMUNITY HOSPITAL
 ■ REGIONAL COORDINATING HOSPITAL



Georgia Department of Public Health



Updated: January 2018
 Source: Department of Public Health
 Projection: Georgia Statewide Lambert Conformal Conic

Coalition Leaders – October, 2018

District/ Region	Coalition Coordinator	Coalition Facilitator
1-2 Region A	Jerry Tatum - Hamilton Medical Center 1200 Memorial Drive Dalton, GA 30722 Office: 706-272-6081 Cell: 423-653-9808 jtatum@hcs.org	Darryl Camp 1710 Whitehouse Court Dalton, GA 30720 Office: 706-529-5741 ext. 1101 Cell: 423-785-7514 Darryl.Camp@dph.ga.gov
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4 Region C	Kenna Baker - Floyd Medical Center 304 Turner McCall Boulevard Rome, GA 30165 Office: 706-509-6946 Cell: 706-676-3915 kbaker@floyd.org	Pam Masters 6 Falcon Drive Suite 108 Peachtree City GA 30269 Cell: 706-616-8868 Pam.Masters@dph.ga.gov
3-2 Region D	Lori Wood - Grady Health System 80 Jesse Hill Jr. Dr. SE – 2E002B Atlanta GA 30303 Office: 404-616-1285 Cell: 404-395-5175 lwood@gmh.edu	Sarah Khorramzadeh 10 Park Place Suite 437 Atlanta, GA 30303 Cell: 404-613-3535 Cell: 404-621-3688 Sarah.Khorramzadeh@fultoncountyga.gov
3-3 Region D	Lori Wood - Grady Health System 80 Jesse Hill Jr. Dr. SE – 2E002B Atlanta GA 30303 Office: 404-616-1285 Cell: 404-395-5175 lwood@gmh.edu	Jane Li 685 Forest Parkway Forest Park, GA 30297 Office: 678-610-7246 Cell: 678-794-1259 Jane.Li@dph.ga.gov
3-4 Region D	Lori Wood - Grady Health System 80 Jesse Hill Jr. Dr. SE – 2E002B Atlanta GA 30303 Office: 404-616-1285 Cell: 404-395-5175 lwood@gmh.edu	Michele McMahon 2570 Riverside Parkway Lawrenceville, GA 30046 Office: 678-442-6905 Cell: 678-315-6585 Michele.McMahon@gnrhealth.com
3-5 Region D	Lori Wood - Grady Health System 80 Jesse Hill Jr. Dr. SE – 2E002B Atlanta GA 30303 Office: 404-616-1285 Cell: 404-395-5175 lwood@gmh.edu	Jeremy Lloyd 445 Winn Way, Suite 557 Decatur, GA 30030 Office: 404-294-3855 Cell: 470-553-2074 Jeremy.lloyd1@dph.ga.gov
10 Region E	Phil Carpenter - Piedmont Athens Regional Med. Ctr. 1199 Prince Avenue Athens, GA 30606 Office: 706-475-3518 Cell: 706- 224 -7072 Phil.carpenter2@piedmont.org	Elisabeth Wilson 189 Paradise Boulevard Athens, GA 30607-1121 Office: 706-227-7186 Cell: 706-286-4684 Elisabeth.Wilson@dph.ga.gov
5-2 Region F	Steve Ramsey - Medical Center, Navicent Health 777 Hemlock St. Macon, GA 31201 Office: 478-633-8860 Cell: 478-538-1947 ramsey.steve@navicenthealth.org	Litty Varghese Second Street. Suite 1100 Macon, GA 31201 Office: 478-207-1411 Cell: 478-796-0277 Litty.Varghese@dph.ga.gov
6 Region G	Miller Birdsong - Augusta University Medical Center 1120 Fifteenth Street PSS-121 Augusta, GA 30912 Office 706-729-2148 Cell: 706-533-8881 mibirdsong@augusta.edu	Ella Gardner 1916 North Leg Road Augusta, GA 30909 Office: 706-729-2195 Cell: 706- 214-1381 ella.gardner@dph.ga.gov
5-1 Region H	Lynn Grant - Fairview Park Hospital 200 Industrial Blvd. Dublin, GA 31021 Office: 478-274-3194 Cell: 478-230-3320 Dianna.Grant@hcahealthcare.com	Megan Craft 2121-B Bellevue Rd. Dublin, GA 31021 Office: 478-274-7778 Cell: 678-767-8891 Megan.Craft@dph.ga.gov

Coalition Leaders – October, 2018

District/ Region	Coalition Coordinator	Coalition Facilitator
7 Region I	Terry Parish - Piedmont Columbus Regional 710 Center Street Columbus, GA 31901 Office: 706-660-2573 Cell: 706-580-3016 Terry.parish@columbusregional.com	Dareion Hill 2100 Comer Ave Columbus, GA 31902 Office: 706-321-6158 Cell: 706-326-0971 Dareion.hill@dph.ga.gov
9-1 Region J	Jimmy Gordon - Memorial Health University Med.Ctr. 4700 Waters Avenue Savannah, GA 31403 Office: 912-350-8645 Cell: 912-667-1542 Jimmy.gordon@hcahealthcare.com	Susan Malone 420 Mall Blvd Savannah, GA. 31406 Office: 912-644-5802 Cell: 912-224-8403 Susan.Malone@dph.ga.gov
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8-1 Region L	Eddie Senkbeil 901 East 18 th Street Tifton, Georgia 31794 [PO Drawer 747 Tifton, GA 31793] Office: 229-353-2220 Cell: 229-392-2999 eddie.senkbeil@tiftregional.com	Lauren Bewley (interim) 901 N. Toombs St. Valdosta, GA 31601 Office: 229-247-8130 Cell: 229-356-9820 Lauren.Bewley@dph.ga.gov
9-2 Region M	Tony Walsh - Memorial Satilla Health 1900 Tebeau Street Waycross, GA 31501 Office: 912- 338-6557 Cell: 912 - 614-7059 Anthony.Walsh@HCAHealthcare.com	Juan Rosario 1115 Church Street, Suite A Waycross, GA 31501 Office: 912-338-5930 Cell: 912-288-9836 Juan.rosario@dph.ga.gov
3-1 Region N	Jennifer Davis - WellStar Kennestone Hospital 677 Church Street Marietta, GA 30060 Office: 770-793-5172 Cell: 770-598-6802 Jennifer.davis3@wellstar.org	Jenaila Hawkins 1650 County Services Parkway Marietta, GA 30008 Office: 770-514-2331 Cell: 678-471-1803 Jenaila.Hawkins@dph.ga.gov
Peds	Dawn Walker - Children's Healthcare of Atlanta 1677 Tullie Circle Atlanta, GA 30329 Office: 404-785-7191 Cell: 706-350-0827 Dawn.walker@choa.org	

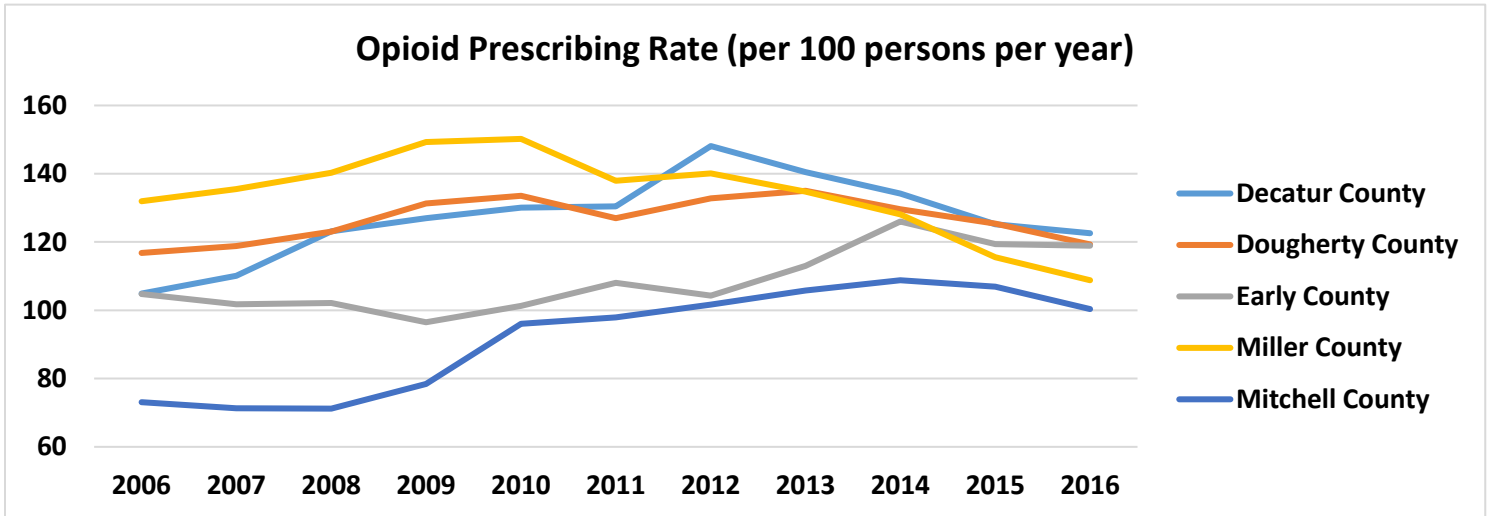
Baker County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prescription Only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016</i>			
Baker County	0.0	Lee County	4.8
Calhoun County	N/A	Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	2.9	Mitchell County	3.2
Decatur County	1.3	Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	3.2	Terrell County	N/A
Early County	0.0	Thomas County	1.4
Grady County	2.2	Worth County	2.5
State	5.1		



* The CDC does not have Baker County for 2006 to 2016, so the opioid prescribing rates for counties adjacent to Baker County are presented above.

Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Baker County	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Baker County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	2	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	N/A	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**
 - Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**
 - Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
 - Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.
- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**
 - Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
 - Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules. If opioid prescribing data is not available for a county for four or more years, the opioid prescribing rates are given for Georgia counties that are adjacent and that have data available.
- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**
 - Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
 - Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

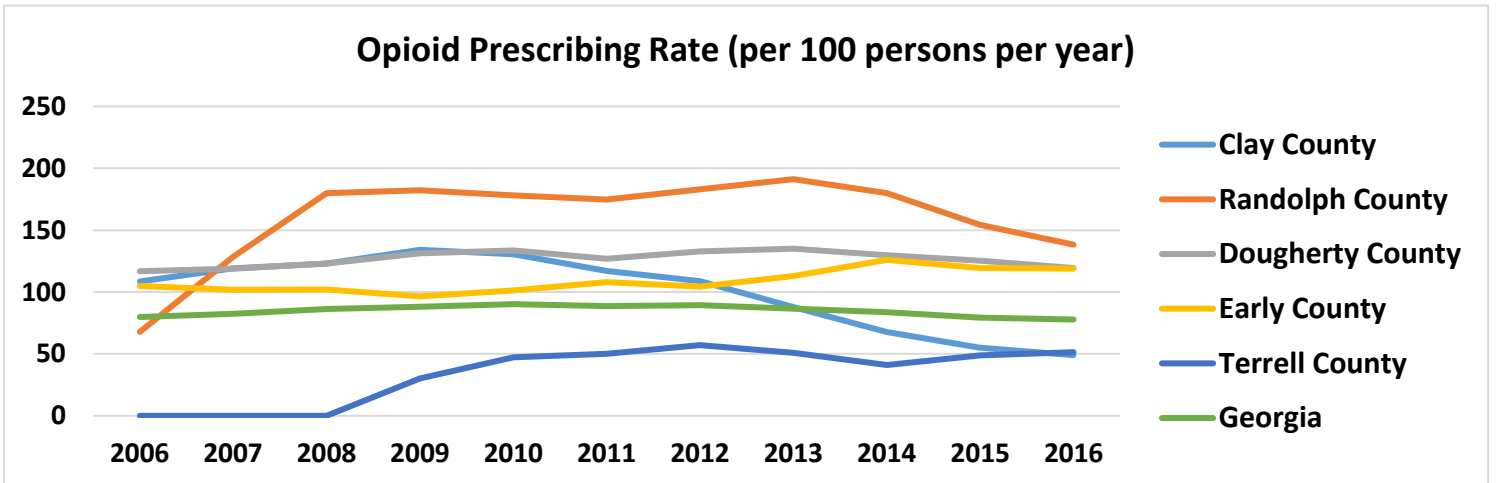
Calhoun County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Prescription Only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016			
Baker County	0.0	Lee County	4.8
Calhoun County	N/A	Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	2.9	Mitchell County	3.2
Decatur County	1.3	Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	3.2	Terrell County	N/A
Early County	0.0	Thomas County	1.4
Grady County	2.2	Worth County	2.5
State	5.1		



	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Calhoun County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2.2

Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	Any Opioids						Heroin					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Calhoun County	1	N/A	1	N/A	1	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Calhoun County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	3	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	N/A	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**
 - Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**
 - Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
 - Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.
- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**
 - Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
 - Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules. If opioid prescribing data is not available for a county for four or more years, the opioid prescribing rates are given for Georgia counties that are adjacent and that have data available.
- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**
 - Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
 - Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

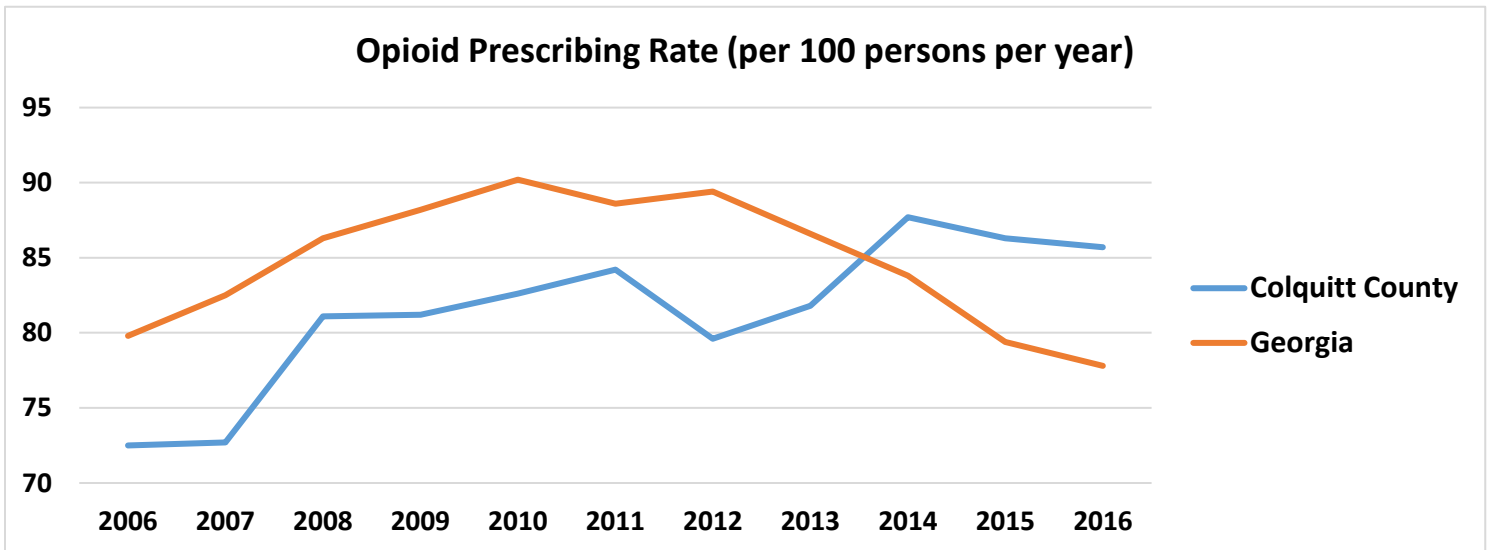
Colquitt County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	1	2	2	5	0	3	2	2	0	17
Prescription Only	0	0	1	2	1	5	0	3	2	1	0	15

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>									
	2007-2011		2012-2016			2007-2011		2012-2016	
Baker County	0.0		0.0		Lee County	5.6		6.9	
Calhoun County	0.0		N/A		Miller County	N/A		N/A	
Colquitt County	4.9		3.4		Mitchell County	N/A		5.7	
Decatur County	N/A		N/A		Seminole County	N/A		N/A	
Dougherty County	4.7		4.3		Terrell County	0.0		0.0	
Early County	0.0		0.0		Thomas County	N/A		3.2	
Grady County	5.2		N/A		Worth County	0.0		6.5	
State	5.5		7.8						



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Colquitt County	3	N/A	12	N/A	1	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Colquitt County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	12	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	33.9	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.

- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

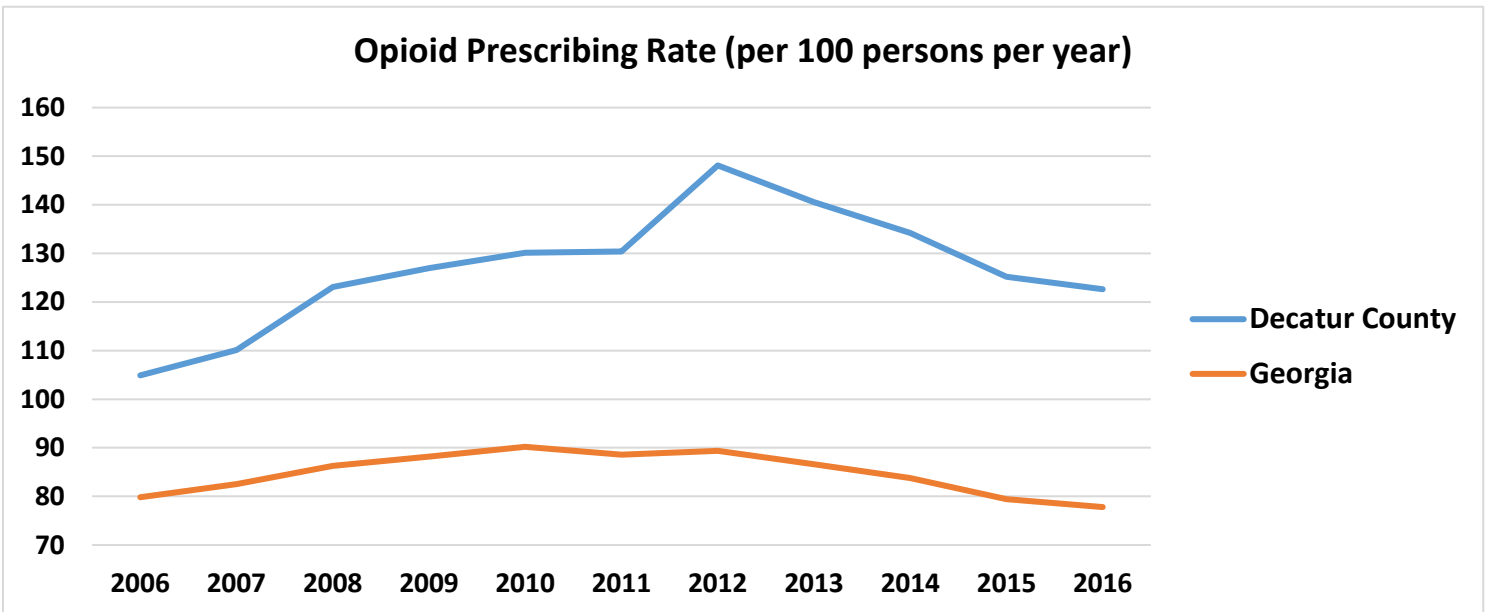
Decatur County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	5
Prescription Only	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>			
Baker County	0.0	Lee County	6.2
Calhoun County	N/A	Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	4.2	Mitchell County	4.4
Decatur County	2.0	Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	4.6	Terrell County	0.0
Early County	0.0	Thomas County	2.0
Grady County	4.0	Worth County	3.1
State	6.7		



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Decatur County	4	N/A	2	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Decatur County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	16	19.6	4.2
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	74.6	99.1	1.27
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	1	2	1.12

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
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- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
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- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
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Dougherty County

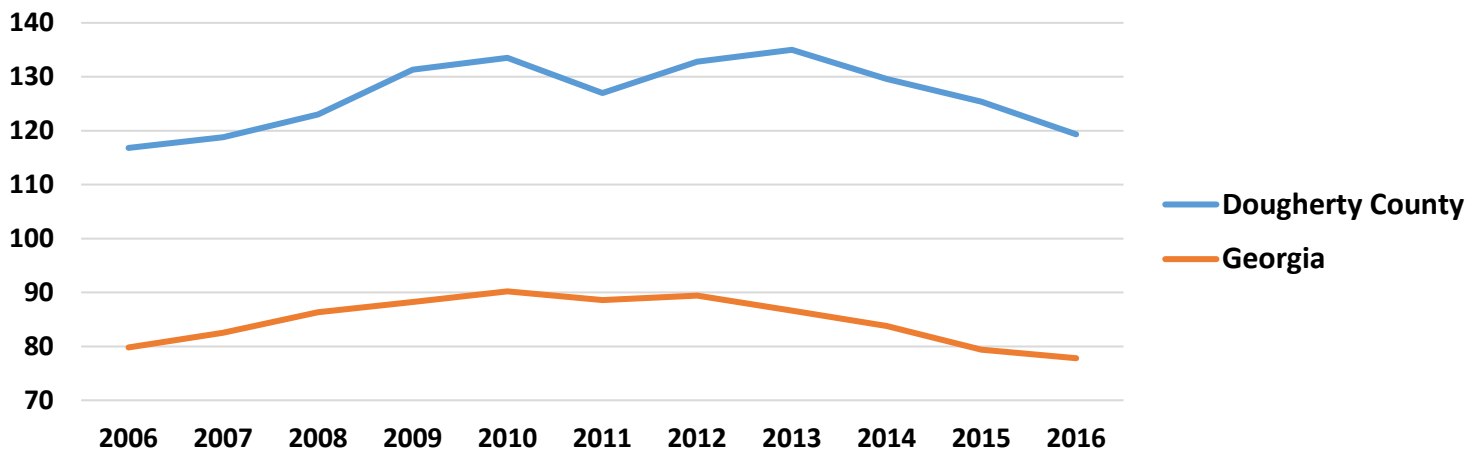
Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	1	3	7	7	0	3	7	4	1	2	5	40
Prescription Only	1	2	6	4	0	3	6	3	0	1	4	30

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>									
	2007-2011		2012-2016			2007-2011		2012-2016	
Baker County	0.0		0.0		Lee County	5.6		6.9	
Calhoun County	0.0		N/A		Miller County	N/A		N/A	
Colquitt County	4.9		3.4		Mitchell County	N/A		5.7	
Decatur County	N/A		N/A		Seminole County	N/A		N/A	
Dougherty County	4.7		4.3		Terrell County	0.0		0.0	
Early County	0.0		0.0		Thomas County	N/A		3.2	
Grady County	5.2		N/A		Worth County	0.0		6.5	
State	5.5		7.8						

Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)

	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Dougherty County	6	N/A	8	N/A	5	N/A	1	N/A	2	N/A	1	N/A
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Dougherty County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	116	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	162.2	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.

- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

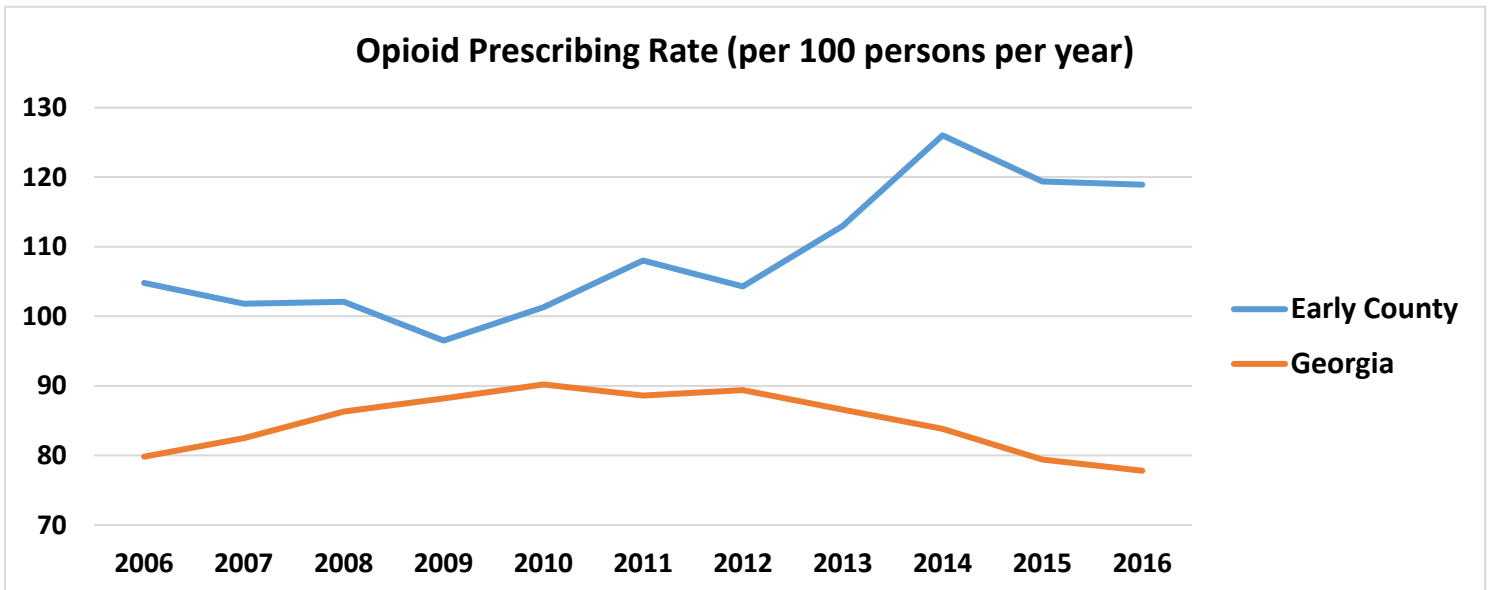
Early County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prescription Only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016</i>			
Baker County	0.0	Lee County	4.8
Calhoun County	N/A	Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	2.9	Mitchell County	3.2
Decatur County	1.3	Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	3.2	Terrell County	N/A
Early County	0.0	Thomas County	1.4
Grady County	2.2	Worth County	2.5
State	5.1		



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Early County	2	N/A	1	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Early County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	6	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	73.2	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.

- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

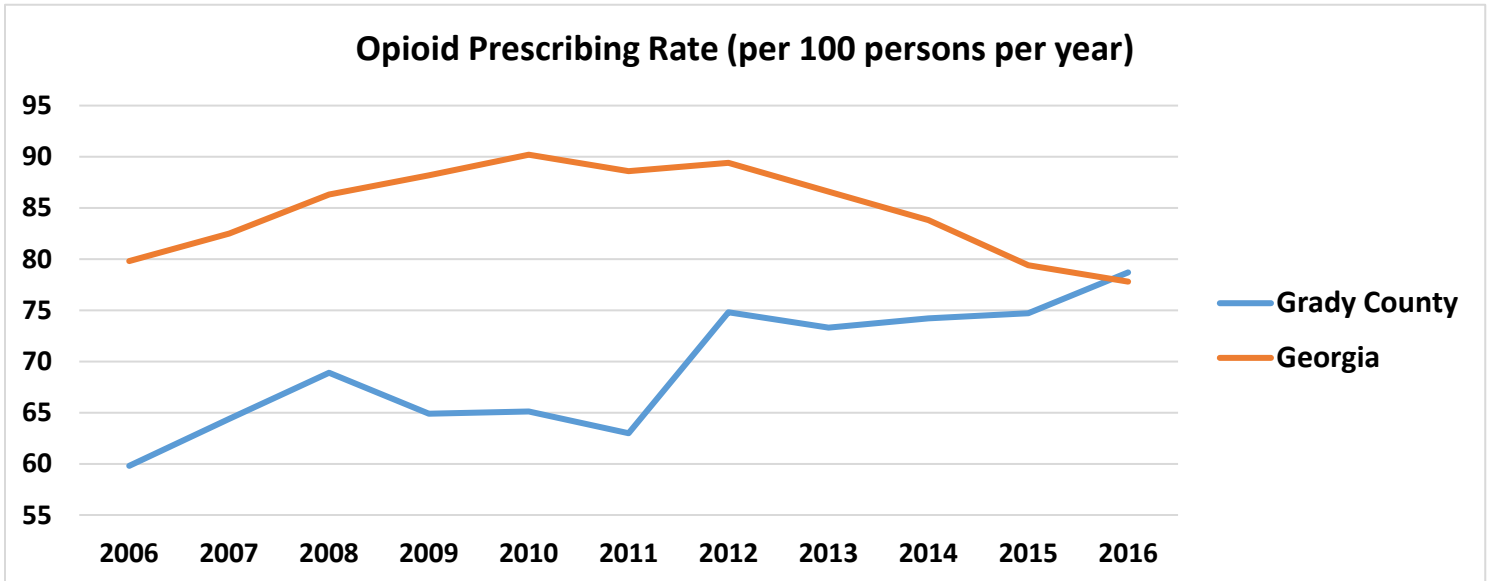
Grady County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9
Prescription Only	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	7

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>				
Baker County	N/A		Lee County	6.2
Calhoun County	N/A		Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	4.2		Mitchell County	4.4
Decatur County	2.0		Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	4.6		Terrell County	N/A
Early County	N/A		Thomas County	2.0
Grady County	4.0		Worth County	3.1
State	6.7			



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Grady County	6	N/A	2	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Grady County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	20	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	102.1	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.

- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

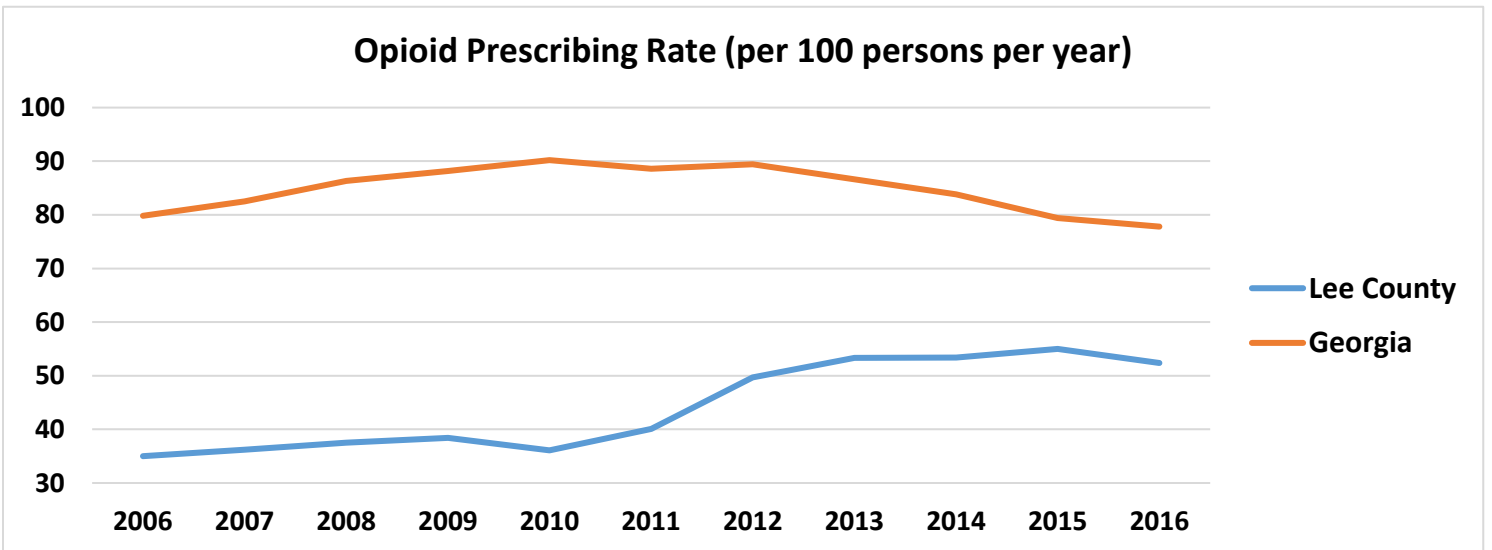
Lee County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	2	2	3	2	0	3	2	1	3	1	19
Prescription Only	0	2	2	3	1	0	3	2	1	3	1	18

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>					
	2007-2011	2012-2016		2007-2011	2012-2016
Baker County	0.0	0.0	Lee County	5.6	6.9
Calhoun County	0.0	N/A	Miller County	N/A	N/A
Colquitt County	4.9	3.4	Mitchell County	N/A	5.7
Decatur County	N/A	N/A	Seminole County	N/A	N/A
Dougherty County	4.7	4.3	Terrell County	0.0	0.0
Early County	0.0	0.0	Thomas County	N/A	3.2
Grady County	5.2	N/A	Worth County	0.0	6.5
State	5.5	7.8			



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Lee County	4	N/A	6	N/A	1	N/A	2	N/A	1	N/A	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Lee County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	20	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	87.0	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	1	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.

- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

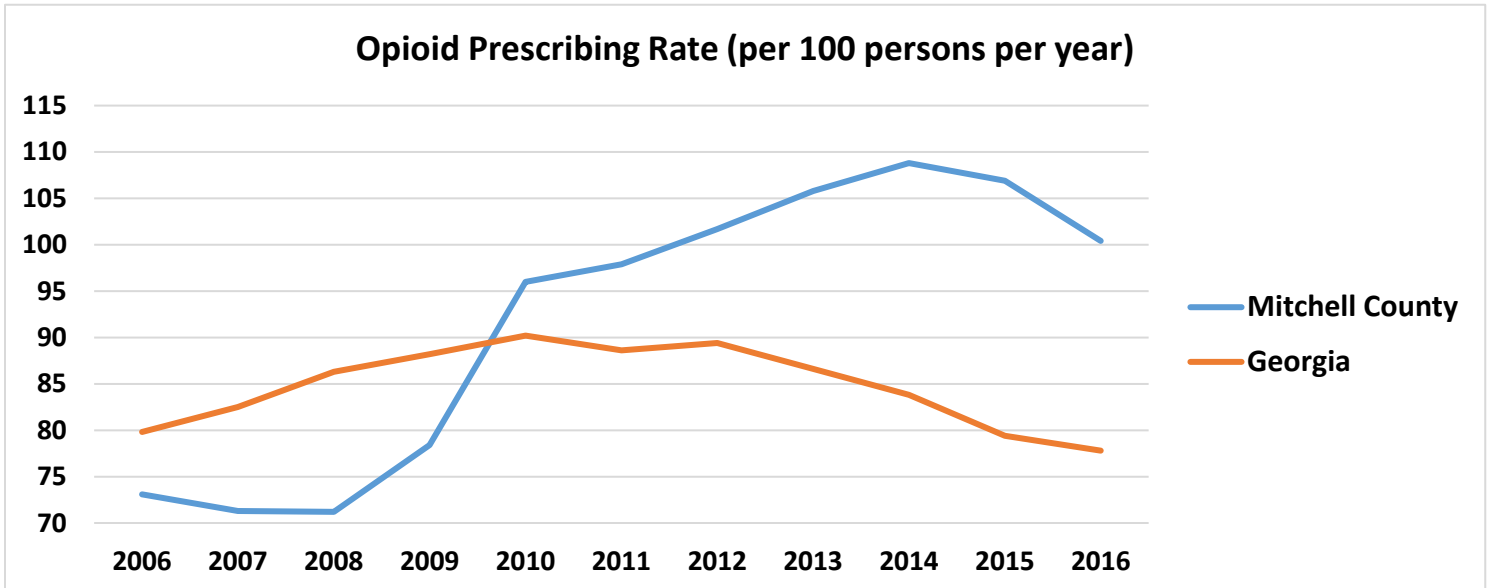
Miller County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Prescription Only	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016</i>			
Baker County	0.0	Lee County	4.8
Calhoun County	N/A	Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	2.9	Mitchell County	3.2
Decatur County	1.3	Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	3.2	Terrell County	N/A
Early County	0.0	Thomas County	1.4
Grady County	2.2	Worth County	2.5
State	5.1		



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Miller County	5	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Miller County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	6	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	125.3	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.

- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoes Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

Mitchell County

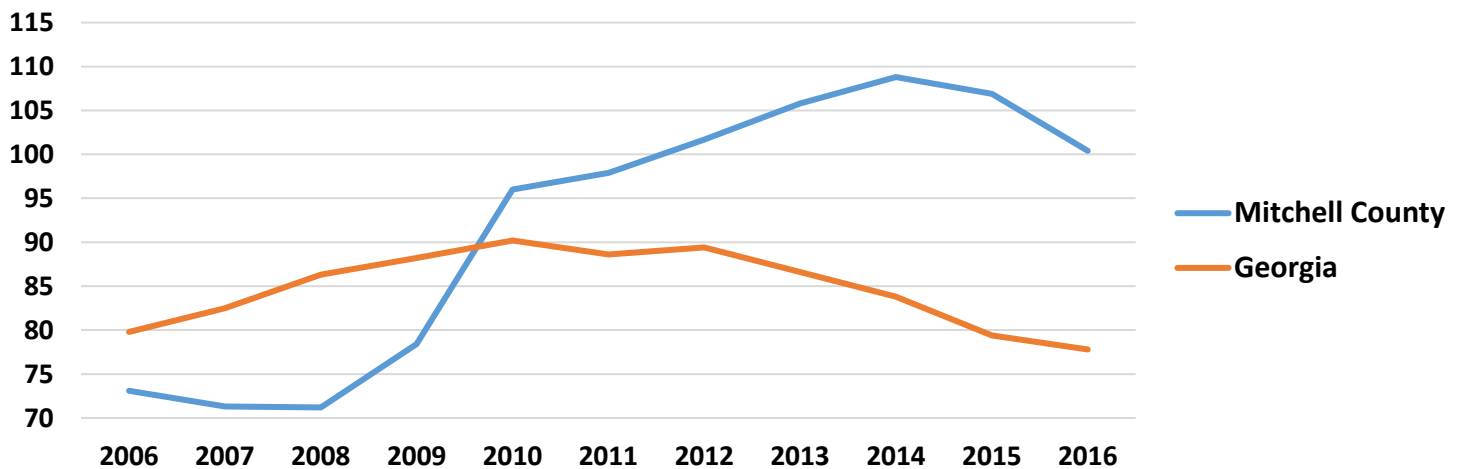
Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	2	2	0	10
Prescription Only	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	8

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>									
	2007-2011		2012-2016			2007-2011		2012-2016	
Baker County	0.0		0.0		Lee County	5.6		6.9	
Calhoun County	0.0		N/A		Miller County	N/A		N/A	
Colquitt County	4.9		3.4		Mitchell County	N/A		5.7	
Decatur County	N/A		N/A		Seminole County	N/A		N/A	
Dougherty County	4.7		4.3		Terrell County	0.0		0.0	
Early County	0.0		0.0		Thomas County	N/A		3.2	
Grady County	5.2		N/A		Worth County	0.0		6.5	
State	5.5		7.8						

Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Mitchell County	3	N/A	1	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Mitchell County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	15	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	82.6	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
Age adjusted death rates are not calculated in periods where less than four deaths occurred. Data is based on death certificates reported to the Georgia Office of Vital Records. Reported causes of death are based on the underlying cause of death, in conjunction with other listed causes of death. The assignment of the underlying cause of death is performed by the National Center for Health Statistics and uses ICD10 codes. Drug overdose deaths were pulled from the ICD10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14, F11.0-F16.9, and F18.0-F19.9.

- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoes Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

Seminole County

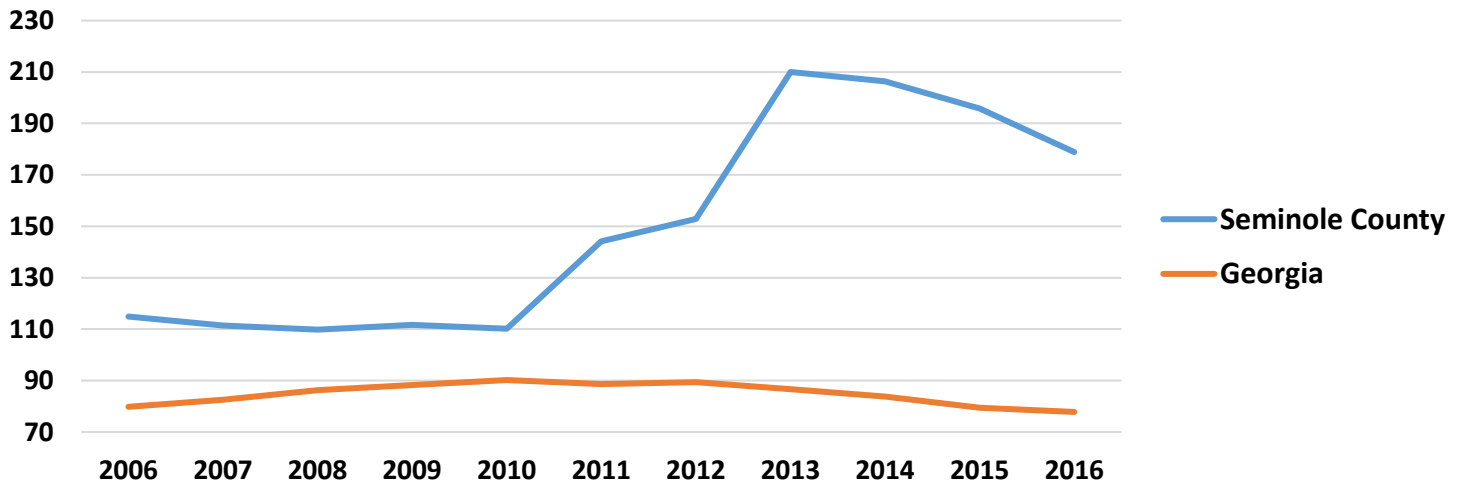
Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	3
Prescription Only	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016</i>			
Baker County	0.0	Lee County	4.8
Calhoun County	N/A	Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	2.9	Mitchell County	3.2
Decatur County	1.3	Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	3.2	Terrell County	N/A
Early County	0.0	Thomas County	1.4
Grady County	2.2	Worth County	2.5
State	5.1		

Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Seminole County	2	N/A	2	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Seminole County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	6	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	85.7	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
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- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
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- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

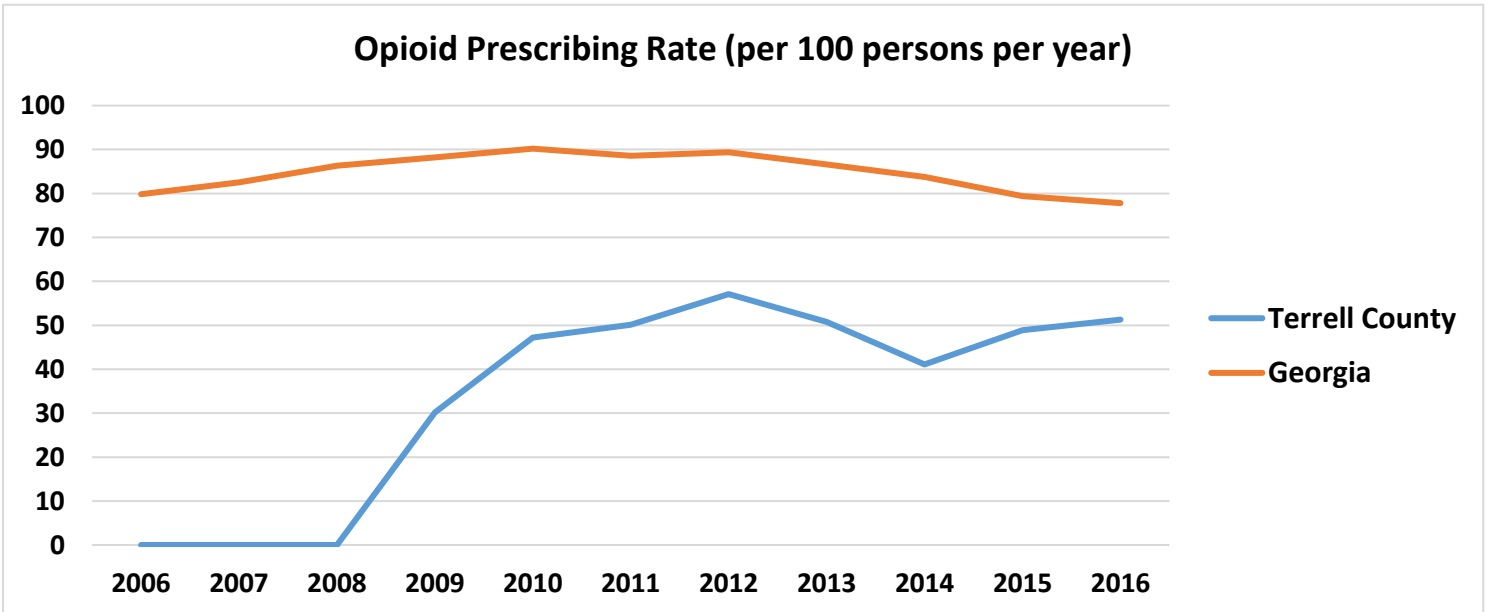
Terrell County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prescription Only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016</i>			
Baker County	0.0	Lee County	4.8
Calhoun County	N/A	Miller County	N/A
Colquitt County	2.9	Mitchell County	3.2
Decatur County	1.3	Seminole County	N/A
Dougherty County	3.2	Terrell County	N/A
Early County	0.0	Thomas County	1.4
Grady County	2.2	Worth County	2.5
State	5.1		



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Terrell County	1	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Terrell County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	4	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	N/A	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>
- Methodology: <https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/help/DefMortDrugOD.html>
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- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
<https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
The data is based on a sample of non-hospital pharmacies and does not include mail order pharmacy data. Opioid prescriptions were identified using the National Drug codes. Methadone prescribed through medication-assisted treatment and cough and cold formulations containing opioids and buprenorphine were not included. If a county does not have data, it may indicate that the county had no retail pharmacies or retail pharmacies sampled, or that the prescription volume was attributed an adjacent, more populous county according to the sampling rules.

- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoses Surveillance Report
[https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016 OPIOID PRELIMINARY REPORT.FINAL.PDF](https://dph.georgia.gov/sites/dph.georgia.gov/files/2016%20OPIOID%20PRELIMINARY%20REPORT.FINAL.PDF)
- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

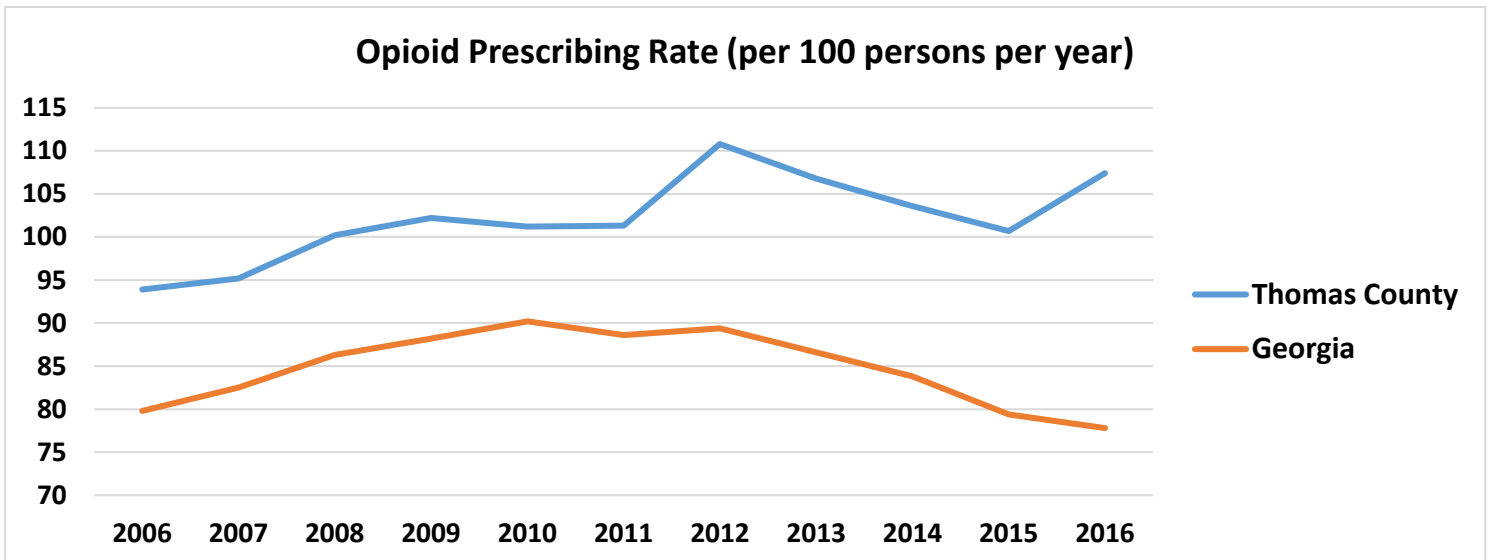
Thomas County

Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	8
Prescription Only	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	6

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>									
	2007-2011		2012-2016			2007-2011		2012-2016	
Baker County	0.0		0.0		Lee County	5.6		6.9	
Calhoun County	0.0		N/A		Miller County	N/A		N/A	
Colquitt County	4.9		3.4		Mitchell County	N/A		5.7	
Decatur County	N/A		N/A		Seminole County	N/A		N/A	
Dougherty County	4.7		4.3		Terrell County	0.0		0.0	
Early County	0.0		0.0		Thomas County	N/A		3.2	
Grady County	5.2		N/A		Worth County	0.0		6.5	
State	5.5		7.8						



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Thomas County	4	N/A	3	N/A	2	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Thomas County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	48	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	132.5	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
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- **Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)**

- Source: CDC's U.S. Prescribing Rate Maps
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- Methodology: <https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html>
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- **Opioid Related Overdose Mortality and Morbidity (2016)**

- Source: Department of Public Health, Opioid Overdoes Surveillance Report
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- Methodology: Number and rate are presented per 100,000 persons. The rate is age adjusted. Any opioids may include prescription and illicit opioids. The categories are not mutually exclusive. Rates are not calculated for counties with less than 15.

Worth County

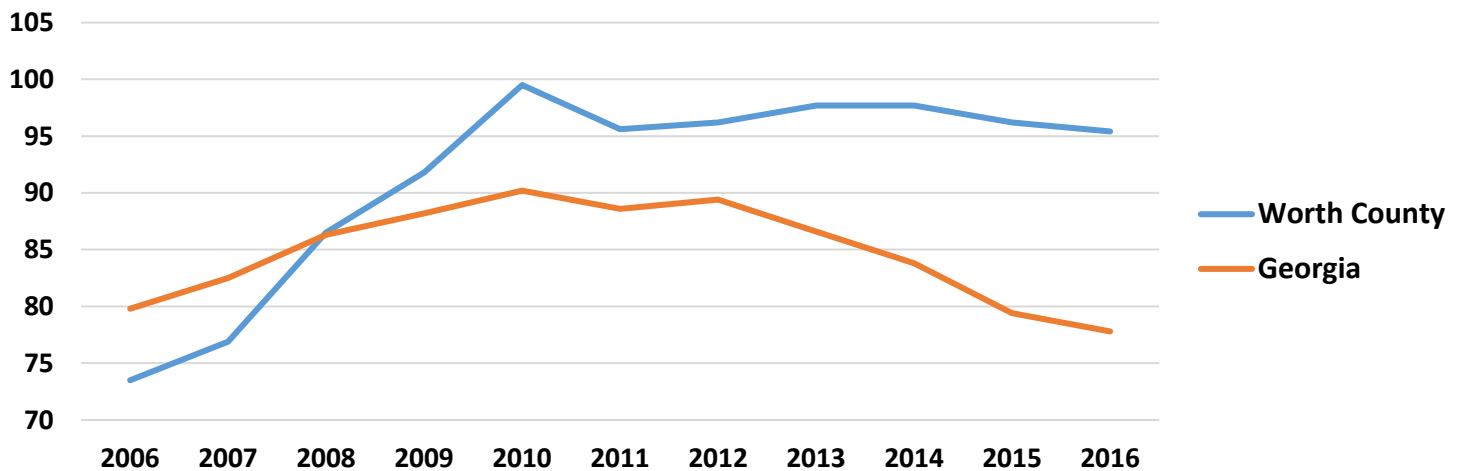
Region: Southwest Georgia

Opioids are a class of drugs that include the illegal drug heroin, synthetic opioids such as fentanyl, and pain relievers available legally by prescription, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and many others. Between 2006 and 2016, nearly 7,000 lives were lost to the opioid epidemic in Georgia. Since the opioid epidemic may impact county planning for law enforcement, emergency services, indigent expenses, and other budgetary items, ACCG has compiled the data below to help counties evaluate and combat the effects of opioid use in their community.

County Opioid Overdose Deaths	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
Total (Heroin & Prescription)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	7
Prescription Only	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	5

<i>Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 2007-2016</i>									
	2007-2011		2012-2016			2007-2011		2012-2016	
Baker County	0.0		0.0		Lee County	5.6		6.9	
Calhoun County	0.0		N/A		Miller County	N/A		N/A	
Colquitt County	4.9		3.4		Mitchell County	N/A		5.7	
Decatur County	N/A		N/A		Seminole County	N/A		N/A	
Dougherty County	4.7		4.3		Terrell County	0.0		0.0	
Early County	0.0		0.0		Thomas County	N/A		3.2	
Grady County	5.2		N/A		Worth County	0.0		6.5	
State	5.5		7.8						

Opioid Prescribing Rate (per 100 persons per year)



Opioid Related Overdose Morbidity and Mortality (2016)												
	<i>Any Opioids</i>						<i>Heroin</i>					
	ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths		ED Visits		Hospitalizations		Deaths	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Worth County	4	N/A	5	N/A	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
State	2435	23.46	1709	15.69	929	8.95	849	8.35	251	2.48	231	2.27

	Worth County	Region	State
Number of Overdose Reversals (CY16)	1	19.6	62.0
Overdose Reversal Rate (CY16)	N/A	99.1	119.8
Number of Narcotics Treatment Providers (FY18)	0	2	73

Sources and Methodology

- **County Opioid Overdose Deaths**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
<https://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/webquery/qryDrugOverdose.aspx>

- **Age Adjusted Death Rates (All Opioid Overdoses) 1999-2016**

- Source: Georgia Department of Public Health, OASIS
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